



Rabbit Anti-ADAM17 (9E7)antibody

SLM-52009R

Product Name ADAM17 (9E7)

Chinese Name ADAM17Recombinant rabbit monoclonal anti

Alias A disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain 17; ADAM 17; ADAM metalloproteinase domain 17 protein; CD 156b; CD156b; CD156b antigen; CSVP; MGC71942; Snake venom like protease; T alpha convertase; TNF alpha converting enzyme; Tumor Necrosis Factor Alpha Converting Enzyme; disintegrin and metalloproteinase domain 17 (tumor necrosis factor, alpha, converting enzyme); ADA17_HUMAN.

Research Area Tumour immunology Neurobiology Signal transduction transcriptional regulatory factor

Immunogen Species Rabbit

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone NO. 9E7

React Species Human, Mouse, (predicted: Rat,)
WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,ICC/IF=1:50-200,IF=1:100-500,Flow-Cytometry
(Paraffin sections need antigen repair)

Applications not yet tested in other applications.
optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Theoretical molecular weight 93kDa

Cellular localization The cell membrane

Form Liquid

Concentration 1mg/ml

immunogen Recombinant human ADAM17 protein: 700-824/824 <Cytoplasmic>

Lsotype IgG

Purification affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer Solution 1M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 3% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Storage Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.



Attention

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

PubMed

[PubMed](#)

This gene encodes a member of the ADAM (a disintegrin and metalloprotease domain) family. Members of this family are membrane-anchored proteins structurally related to snake venom disintegrins, and are implicated in a variety of biologic processes involving cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions, including fertilization, muscle development, and neurogenesis. The protein encoded by this gene functions as a tumor necrosis factor-alpha converting enzyme; binds mitotic arrest deficient 2 protein; and also plays a role in the activation of the Notch signaling pathway. [provided by RefSeq].

Subunit:

Interacts with MAD2L1, MAPK14 and MUC1.

Subcellular Location:

Membrane.

Tissue Specificity:

Ubiquitously expressed. Expressed at highest levels in adult heart, placenta, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, testes, ovary and small intestine, and in fetal brain, lung, liver and kidney.

Similarity:

Contains 1 disintegrin domain.

Contains 1 peptidase M12B domain.

**Product
Detail**

SWISS:

P78536

Gene ID:

6868

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 6868](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 11491](#) Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 57027](#) Rat

[Omim: 603639](#) Human

[SwissProt: P78536](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q9Z0F8](#) Mouse

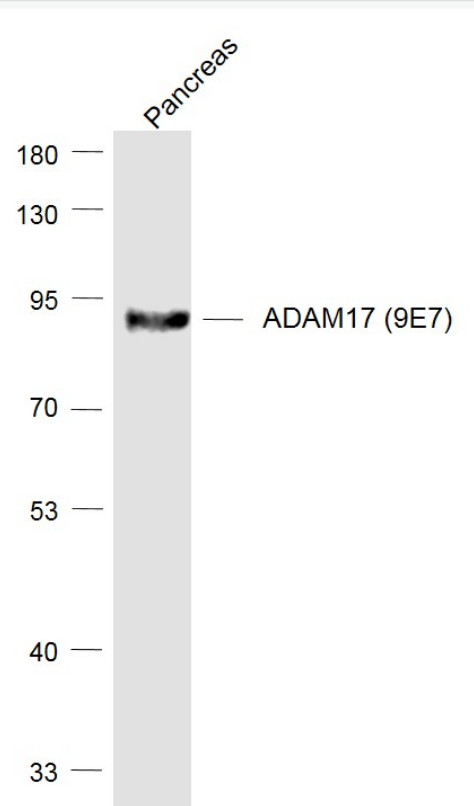
[SwissProt: Q9Z1K9](#) Rat

[Unigene: 404914](#) Human

[Unigene: 27681](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 144585](#) Rat

**Product
Picture**



Sample:

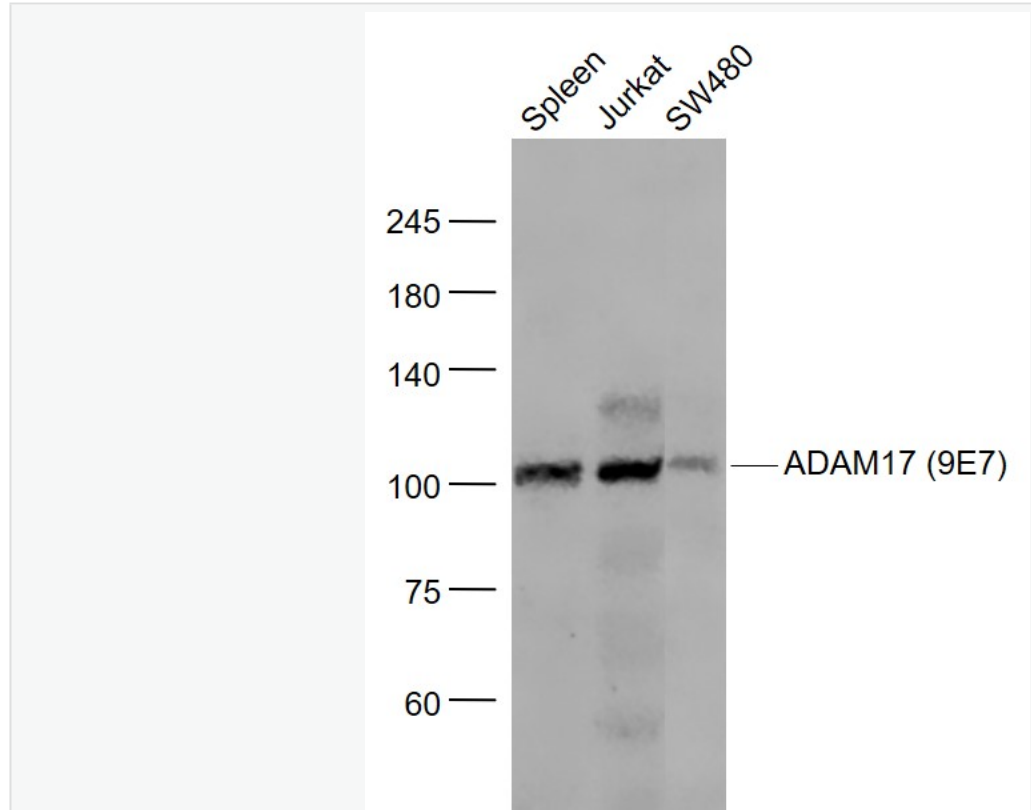
Pancreas (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti-ADAM17 (9E7) (SLM-52009R) at 1/1000 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 93 kD

Observed band size: 93 kD



Sample:

Spleen (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Jurkat(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

SW480(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti- ADAM17 (9E7) (SLM-52009R) at 1/1000 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 93 kD

Observed band size: 100 kD



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