

## Mouse Anti-GRP78 antibody

SLM-51623M

<b>Product Name</b>	GRP78
<b>Chinese Name</b>	葡萄糖调节蛋白 78 单克隆抗体
<b>Alias</b>	BIP; HSPA5; GRP-78; glucose regulated protein 78; 78 kDa glucose regulated protein; BIP; Endoplasmic reticulum luminal Ca <sup>2+</sup> binding protein grp78; FLJ26106; Glucose Regulated Protein 78kDa; GRP 78; Heat Shock 70kDa Protein 5; HSPA 5; HSPA-5; Immunoglobulin Heavy Chain Binding Protein; MIF2; GRP78_HUMAN.
<b>Research Area</b>	Tumour Cell biology
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone NO.</b>	D12H2
<b>React Species</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat, WB=1:500-2000
<b>Applications</b>	not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Theoretical molecular weight</b>	78kDa
<b>Cellular localization</b>	cytoplasmic
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration immunogen</b>	1mg/ml Recombinant human HSPA5 between 420-654 amino acids.
<b>Lsotype</b>	IgG1,k
<b>Purification</b>	affinity purified by Protein G
<b>Buffer Solution</b>	1M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 3% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>Storage</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Attention</b>	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
<b>PubMed</b>	<a href="#">PubMed</a>

The 78 kDa glucose regulated protein/BiP (GRP78) belongs to the family of ~70 kDa heat shock proteins (HSP 70). GRP78 is a resident protein of the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) and may associate transiently with a variety of newly synthesized secretory and membrane proteins or permanently with mutant or defective proteins that are incorrectly folded, thus preventing their export from the ER lumen. GRP78 is a highly conserved protein that is essential for cell viability. The highly conserved sequence Lys-Asp-Glu-Leu (KDEL) is present at the C terminus of GRP78 and other resident ER proteins including glucose regulated protein 94 (GRP 94) and protein disulfide isomerase (PDI). The presence of carboxy terminal KDEL appears to be necessary for retention and appears to be sufficient to reduce the secretion of proteins from the ER. This retention is reported to be mediated by a KDEL receptor.

**Function:**

Probably plays a role in facilitating the assembly of multimeric protein complexes inside the ER.

**Product Detail**

**Subcellular Location:**

Endoplasmic reticulum lumen. Melanosome. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.

**Similarity:**

Belongs to the heat shock protein 70 family.

**SWISS:**

P11021

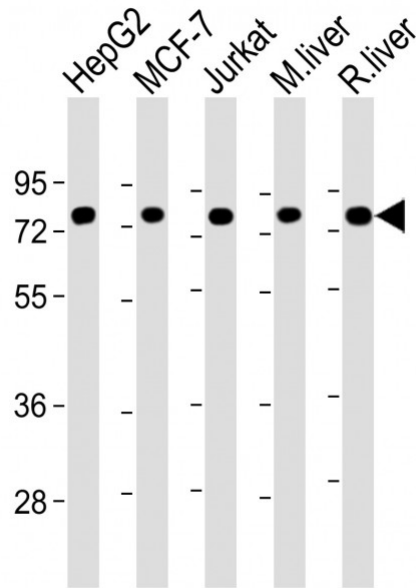
**Gene ID:**

3309

**Database links:**

[Entrez Gene: 3309](#) Human

[SwissProt: P11021](#) Human



### Product Picture

Sample:

Lane 1: HepG2 cell lysates

Lane 2: MCF-7 cell lysates

Lane 3: Jurkat cell lysates

Lane 4: Mouse liver tissue lysates

Lane 5: Rat liver tissue lysates

Primary: Anti-GRP78 (SLM-51623M) at 1/20000 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Mouse IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 78 kD



SunLong Biotech Co.,LTD  
Tel: 0086-571-56623320 Fax:0086-571-56623318  
E-mail:sales@sunlongbiotech.com  
www.sunlongbiotech.com

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Observed band size: 78 kD