

## Rabbit Anti-TRIP1/Cy5 Conjugated antibody

SL7731R-Cy5

<b>Product Name</b>	Anti-TRIP1/Cy5
<b>Chinese Name</b>	Cy5 标记的甲状腺受体相互作用蛋白 1 抗体
<b>Alias</b>	26S protease regulatory subunit 8; Cim3; MSUG1 protein; p45 antibody p45/SUG; Proteasome (prosome macropain) 26S subunit ATPase 5; Proteasome 26S ATPase subunit 5; Proteasome 26S subunit ATPase 5; Proteasome prosome macropain 26S subunit ATPase 5; Proteasome subunit p45; PSMC 5; PSMC5; Rpt6; S8 antibody SUG 1; SUG1; Tat binding protein homolog 10; TBP 10; TBP10; Thyroid hormone receptor interacting protein 1; Thyroid receptor interactor 1; TRIP 1; TRIP1; TRIP1(SUG1).
<b>Research Area</b>	Cell biology The cell membrane 受体
<b>Immunogen Species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>React Species</b>	Mouse,Rat(predicted:Human,Chicken,Rabbit) IF=1:100-500
<b>Applications</b>	not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Molecular weight</b>	45kDa
<b>Form</b>	Lyophilized or Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	1mg/ml
<b>immunogen</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human TRIP1/PSMC5
<b>Lsotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purification</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	1M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 3% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 1M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
<b>Storage</b>	
<b>Product Detail</b>	<b>background:</b> Human SUG1 (also known as p45, Rpt6, Cim3 and PSMC5) is a component of the 19S regulatory subunit of the 26S proteasome complex. It is one of the

AAA ATPases found in the 19S regulatory complex that is thought to participate in the unfolding of ubiquitinated proteins in an ATP dependent manner. It has also been shown to directly interact with the nucleotide excision repair protein XPB.

**Function:**

The 26S protease is involved in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins. The regulatory (or ATPase) complex confers ATP dependency and substrate specificity to the 26S complex.

**Subunit:**

Interacts, in vitro, with the thyroid hormone receptor (in a thyroid hormone T3-dependent manner) and with retinoid X receptor (RXR) (By similarity). Interacts with NDC80. Interacts with PAAF1.

**Subcellular Location:**

Cytoplasm (Potential). Nucleus (Potential).

**Similarity:**

Belongs to the AAA ATPase family.

**Database links:**

UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot: P62195.1

**Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.