

Rabbit Anti-MED29/Cy5.5 Conjugated antibody

SL18768R-Cy5. 5

Product Name	Anti-MED29/Cy5.5
Chinese Name	Cy5.5 标记的 MED29 蛋白抗体
Alias	DKFZp434H247; Intersex like protein; IXL; Mediator complex subunit 29; Mediator of RNA polymerase II transcription subunit 29.
Research Area	transcriptional regulatory factor Epigenetics
Immunogen Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
React Species	Mouse(predicted:Human,Rat,Dog,Pig,Cow,Horse,Sheep) IF=1:100-500
Applications	not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight	21kDa
Form	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration	1mg/ml
immunogen	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human MED29
Lsotype	IgG
Purification	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer	1M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 3% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol. Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 1M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
Storage	
Product Detail	background: MED29 is a subunit of the Mediator complex, a multiprotein coactivator of RNA transcription that interacts with DNA-bound transcriptional activators, RNA polymerase II (see MIM 180660), and general initiation factors (Sato et al., 2003 [PubMed 14576168]).[supplied by OMIM, Aug 2009]

Function:

Component of the Mediator complex, a coactivator involved in the regulated transcription of nearly all RNA polymerase II-dependent genes. Mediator functions as a bridge to convey information from gene-specific regulatory proteins to the basal RNA polymerase II transcription machinery. Mediator is recruited to promoters by direct interactions with regulatory proteins and serves as a scaffold for the assembly of a functional preinitiation complex with RNA polymerase II and the general transcription factors.

Subunit:

Component of the Mediator complex, which is composed of MED1, MED4, MED6, MED7, MED8, MED9, MED10, MED11, MED12, MED13, MED13L, MED14, MED15, MED16, MED17, MED18, MED19, MED20, MED21, MED22, MED23, MED24, MED25, MED26, MED27, MED29, MED30, MED31, CCNC, CDK8 and CDC2L6/CDK11. The MED12, MED13, CCNC and CDK8 subunits form a distinct module termed the CDK8 module. Mediator containing the CDK8 module is less active than Mediator lacking this module in supporting transcriptional activation. Individual preparations of the Mediator complex lacking one or more distinct subunits have been variously termed ARC, CRSP, DRIP, PC2, SMCC and TRAP. Associates with the MED18/MED20 heteromer.

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus

Tissue Specificity:

Widely expressed in embryo and adult.

Similarity:

Belongs to the Mediator complex subunit 29 family.

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 614626](#) Cow

[Entrez Gene: 55588](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 67224](#) Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 292751](#) Rat

[Omim: 612914](#) Human

[SwissProt: A1A4Q8](#) Cow



[SwissProt: Q9NX70](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q9DB91](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 611541](#) Human

[Unigene: 41647](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 23452](#) Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.