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[Marker Primary Antibody]

Rabbit Anti-HSPC142/FITC Conjugated antibody

Catalog Number: SL18088R-FITC

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY

[DATASHEET]

Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Target:	Anti-HSPC142/FITC
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human HSPC142
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Concentration:	1mg/ml
Storage:	Store at -20 for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 1M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4°C.
Applications:	ICC/IF=1:50-200 IF=1:100-500 not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Reactivity:	(predicted:Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Pig,Cow,Horse,Rabbit,Cat,Chinese Hamster, Orangutan,Elephant)
Background:	background: Consisting of around 63 million bases with over 1,400 genes, chromosome 19 makes up over 2% of human genomic DNA. Chromosome 19 includes a diversity of interesting genes and is recognized for having the greatest gene density of the human chromosomes. It is the genetic home for a number of immunoglobulin superfamily members including the killer cell and leukocyte Ig-like receptors, a number of ICAMs, the CEACAM and PSG family, and Fc?receptors. Key genes for eye color and hair color also map to chromosome 19. Peutz-Jeghers syndrome, spinocerebellar ataxia type 6, the stroke disorder CADASIL, hypercholesterolemia and insulin-dependent diabetes have been linked to chromosome 19. Translocations with chromosome 19 and chromosome 14 can be seen in some lymphoproliferative disorders and typically involve the proto-oncogene BCL3. The C19orf62 gene product has been provisionally designated C19orf62

Important Note: This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

	pending further characterization. **Function:** Component of the BRCA1-A complex, a complex that specifically recognizes 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitinated histones H2A and H2AX at DNA lesions sites, leading to target the BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer to sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks (DSBs). The BRCA1-A complex also possesses deubiquitinase activity that specifically removes 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitin on histones H2A and H2AX. In the BRCA1-A complex, it is required for the complex integrity and its localization at DSBs. Probably also plays a role as a component of the BRISC complex, a multiprotein complex that specifically cleaves 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitin. In these 2 complexes, it is probably required to maintain the stability of BRE/BRCC45 and help the 'Lys-63'-linked deubiquitinase activity mediated by BRCC3/BRCC36. component. **Subcellular Location:** Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Localizes at sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks. **Similarity:** Belongs to the BABAM1 family. **Database links:** **Entrez Gene:** 29086 Human **Entrez Gene:** 68251 Mouse **Entrez Gene:** 290631 Rat Omim: 612766 Human **SwissProt:** Q9NWV8 Human **SwissProt:** Q3UI43 Mouse **SwissProt:** Q5XIJ6 Rat **Unigene:** 190722 Human **Unigene:** 21749 Mouse **Unigene:** 74107 Rat Important **Note:** This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.