

Rabbit Anti-NAP1L1 antibody

SL1052R

Product Name NAP1L1

Chinese Name 核小体组装蛋白 1 抗体

Alias NAP1L; FLJ16112; hNRP; HSP22 like protein interacting protein; MGC23410; MGC8688; NAP 1; NAP 1 related protein; NAP 1L; NAP-1 related protein; NAP-1-related protein; NAP1; NAP1 L1; NAP1 related protein; Nap111; NAP1L1 protein; NP1L1_HUMAN; NRP; Nucleosome assembly protein 1 like 1; Nucleosome assembly protein 1-like 1.

Research Area Chromatin and nuclear signals

Immunogen Species Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

React Species Human, Rat, (predicted: Mouse,)

Applications IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
not yet tested in other applications.
optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Theoretical molecular weight 44kDa

Cellular localization The nucleus

Form Liquid

Concentration 1mg/ml

immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human NAP1L1: 101-200/391

Lsotype IgG

Purification affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer Solution 1M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 3% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Storage Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Attention This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,

therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

PubMed

[PubMed](#)

This gene encodes a member of the nucleosome assembly protein (NAP) family. This protein participates in DNA replication and may play a role in modulating chromatin formation and contribute to the regulation of cell proliferation. The binding of sequence-specific DNA binding proteins to human nucleosome assembly protein 1 may be an important step contributing to the activation of transcription. May be involved in modulating chromatin formation and contribute to regulation of cell proliferation.

Function:

May be involved in modulating chromatin formation and contribute to regulation of cell proliferation.

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus. Melanosome. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.

Tissue Specificity:

Ubiquitously expressed.

**Product
Detail**

Post-translational modifications:

Polyglutamylated by TTLL4, a modification that occurs exclusively on glutamate residues and results in polyglutamate chains on the gamma-carboxyl group. Some residues may also be monoglycylated but not polyglycylated due to the absence of functional TTLL10 in human.

Similarity:

Belongs to the nucleosome assembly protein (NAP) family.

SWISS:

P55209

Gene ID:

4673

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 4673](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 53605](#) Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 89825](#) Rat

[Omim: 164060](#) Human

[SwissProt: P55209](#) Human

[SwissProt: P28656](#) Mouse

[SwissProt: Q9Z2G8](#) Rat

[Unigene: 524599](#) Human

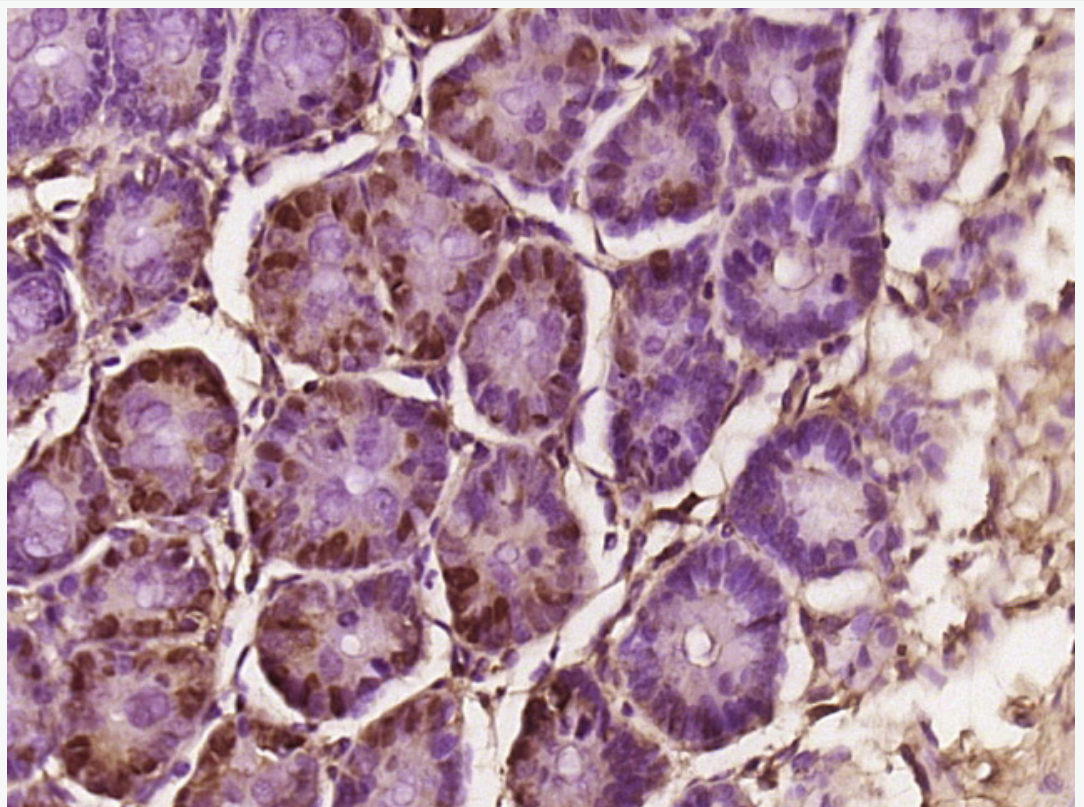
[Unigene: 695185](#) Human

[Unigene: 290407](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 162938](#) Rat

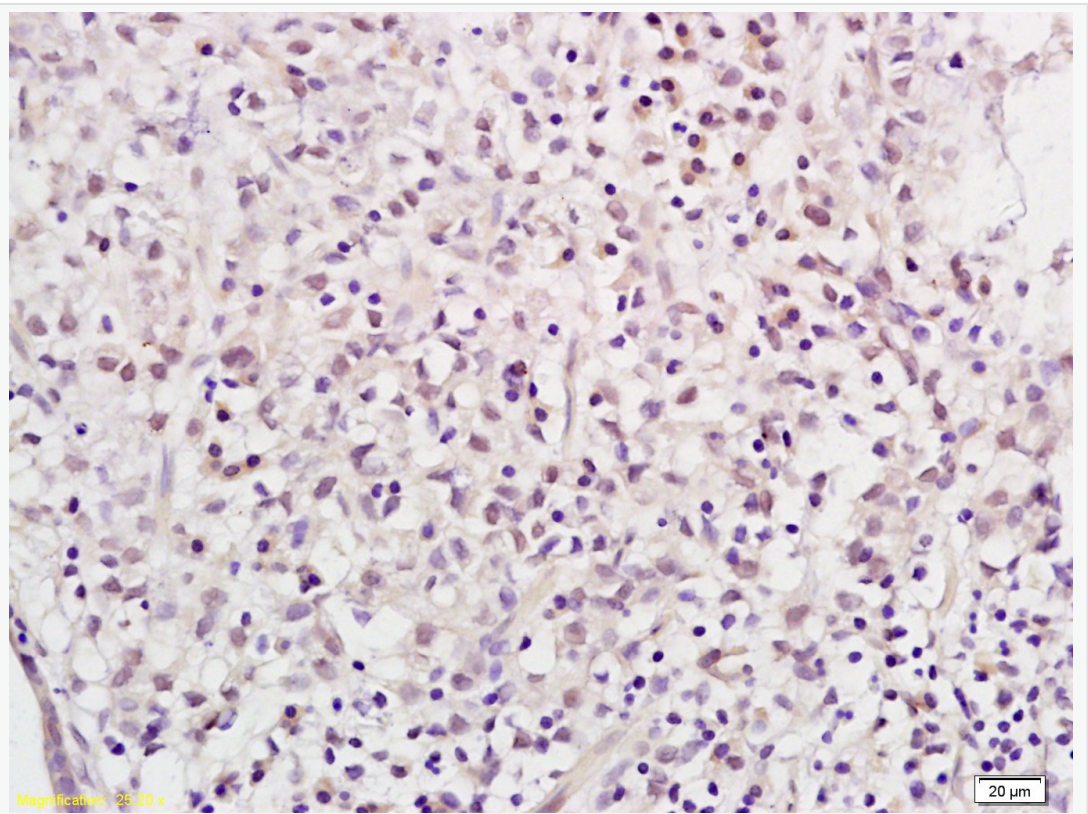
核小体组装蛋白 1 (NAP-1) 作为核心组蛋白的分子伴蛋白,在进化过程中是相当保守的.它通过帮助核心组蛋白沉积到 DNA 上来促进核小体的组装.而大量研究表明,酵母和动物中的 NAP 类似蛋白除了具有核小体组装能力以外,还有其它多种功能

**Product
Picture**



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat colon); Antigen retrieval by

boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (NAP1L1) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL1052R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Tissue/cell: human gastric carcinoma; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (1M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer



(normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-NAP1L1 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(SL1052R) 1:200,
overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and
DAB(C-0010) staining