

## Rabbit Anti-TGF beta Receptor I antibody

SL0638R

**Product Name** TGF beta Receptor I

**Chinese Name** 转移生长因子  $\beta$  受体 1 抗体

**Alias** TGF-beta receptor type-1; TGFBR1; TGF Beta R1; AAT 5; AAT5; Activin A receptor type II like kinase 53kDa; Activin receptor like kinase 5; ACVRLK 4; ACVRLK4; ALK 5; ALK5; Serine/threonine protein kinase receptor R4; SKR 4; SKR4; TbetaR I; TGF beta receptor type 1; TGF beta receptor type I; TGF beta type I receptor; TGFBR 1; TGFBR1 protein; TGFR 1; TGFR1; Transforming growth factor beta receptor I; TGFR1\_HUMAN. TGF- $\beta$ RI; TGF $\beta$ RI; TGF- $\beta$ R I; TGF- $\beta$  RI.

**Research Area** Tumour Neurobiology Signal transduction Growth factors and hormones The cell membrane 受体

**Immunogen Species** Rabbit

**Clonality** Polyclonal

**React Species** Human, Mouse, Rat, (predicted: Cow, )

**Applications** WB=1:500-2000,IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)  
not yet tested in other applications.  
optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

**Theoretical molecular weight** 55kDa

**Cellular localization** The cell membrane

**Form** Liquid

**Concentration** 1mg/ml

**immunogen** KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human TGF beta Receptor I : 301-400/501 <Extracellular>

**Lsotype** IgG

**Purification** affinity purified by Protein A

**Buffer Solution** 1M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 3% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.



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<b>Storage</b>	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Attention</b>	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
<b>PubMed</b>	<a href="#">PubMed</a> The protein encoded by this gene forms a heteromeric complex with type II TGF-beta receptors when bound to TGF-beta, transducing the TGF-beta signal from the cell surface to the cytoplasm. The encoded protein is a serine/threonine protein kinase. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Loeys-Dietz aortic aneurysm syndrome (LDAS). Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2008]
<b>Product Detail</b>	<b>Function:</b> On ligand binding, forms a receptor complex consisting of two type II and two type I transmembrane serine/threonine kinases. Type II receptors phosphorylate and activate type I receptors which autophosphorylate, then bind and activate SMAD transcriptional regulators. Receptor for TGF-beta.
	<b>Subunit:</b> Homodimer; in the endoplasmic reticulum but also at the cell membrane. Heterohexamer; TGFB1, TGFB2 and TGFB3 homodimeric ligands assemble a functional receptor composed of two TGFBR1 and TGFBR2 heterodimers to form a ligand-receptor heterohexamer. The respective affinity of TGBRB1 and TGFBR2 for the ligands may modulate the kinetics of assembly of the receptor and may explain the different biological activities of TGFB1, TGFB2 and TGFB3. Interacts with CD109; inhibits TGF-beta receptor activation in keratinocytes. Interacts with RBPMS. Interacts (unphosphorylated) with FKBP1A; prevents TGFBR1 phosphorylation by TGFBR2 and stabilizes it in the inactive conformation. Interacts with SMAD2, SMAD3 and ZFYVE9; ZFYVE9 recruits SMAD2 and SMAD3 to the TGF-beta receptor. Interacts with TRAF6 and MAP3K7; induces MAP3K7 activation by TRAF6. Interacts with PARD6A; involved in TGF-beta induced epithelial to mesenchymal transition. Interacts with SMAD7, NEDD4L, SMURF1 and SMURF2; SMAD7 recruits NEDD4L, SMURF1 and SMURF2 to the TGF-beta receptor.
	<b>Subcellular Location:</b> Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Cell junction, tight junction.
	<b>Tissue Specificity:</b> Found in all tissues examined, most abundant in placenta and least abundant in brain and heart.
	<b>Post-translational modifications:</b> Phosphorylated at basal levels in the absence of ligand binding. Activated by multiple phosphorylation, mainly in the GS region.

**Similarity:**

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. TKL Ser/Thr protein kinase family. TGFB receptor subfamily.

Contains 1 GS domain.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

**SWISS:**

P36897

**Gene ID:**

7046

**Database links:**

[Entrez Gene: 7046](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 21812](#) Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 29591](#) Rat

[Entrez Gene: 282382](#) Cow

[Omim: 190181](#) Human

[SwissProt: O46680](#) Cow

[SwissProt: P36897](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q64729](#) Mouse

[SwissProt: P80204](#) Rat

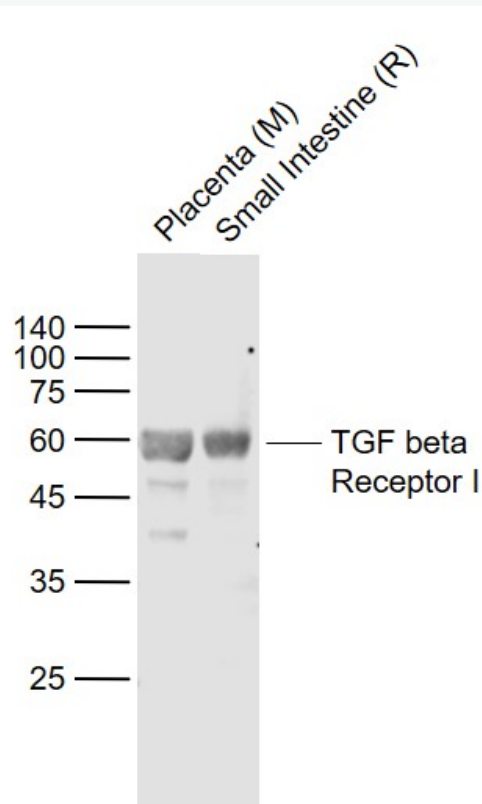
[Unigene: 494622](#) Human

[Unigene: 197552](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 44402](#) Rat

The cell membrane 受体 (Membrane Receptors)TGF-βRI

**Product  
Picture**



**Sample:**

Lane 1: Placenta (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

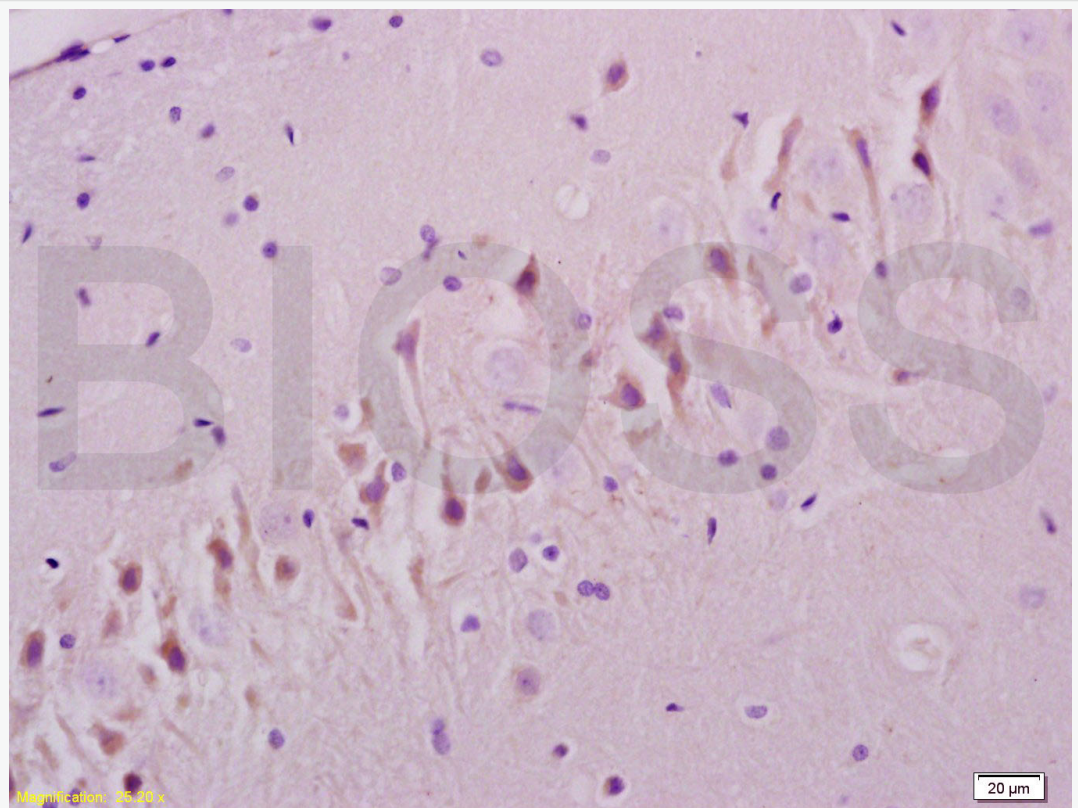
Lane 2: Small intestine (Rat) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti- TGF beta Receptor I (SL0638R) at 1/1000 dilution

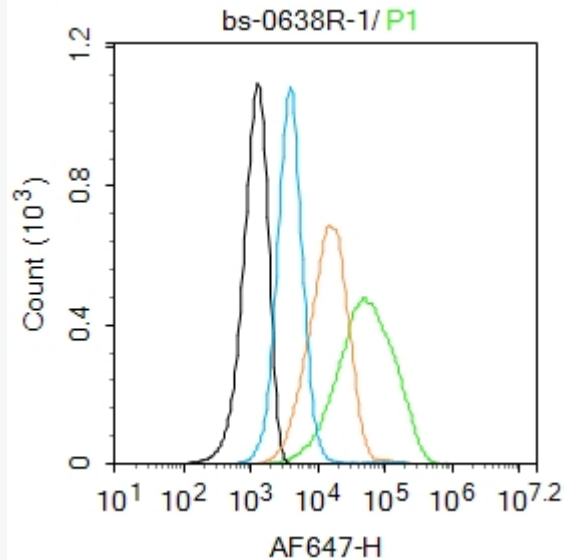
Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 56 kD

Observed band size: 58 kD



Tissue/cell: rat brain tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;  
Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer ( 1M, pH 6.0 ), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block  
endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer  
(normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37℃ for 20 min;  
Incubation: Anti-TGF Beta R1/TGFBR1 Polyclonal Antibody,  
Unconjugated(SL0638R) 1:200, overnight at 4℃, followed by conjugation to the  
secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining



Blank control:U937.

Primary Antibody (green line): Rabbit Anti-TGF beta Receptor I antibody (SL0638R)

Dilution: 1 $\mu$ g /10<sup>6</sup> cells;

Isotype Control Antibody (orange line): Rabbit IgG .

Secondary Antibody : Goat anti-rabbit IgG-AF647

Dilution: 1 $\mu$ g /test.

Protocol

The cells were incubated in 5%BSA to block non-specific protein-protein interactions for 30 min at room temperature .Cells stained with Primary Antibody for 30 min at room temperature. The secondary antibody used for 40 min at room temperature. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.