

Rabbit Anti-GNRH/LHRH antibody

SL0456R

Product Name GNRH/LHRH

Chinese Name 黄体激素释放激素类似物抗体

Alias GNRH 1; GnRH associated peptide 1; GNRH1; Gonadotrophin Releasing Hormone 1; GRH; HH12; GON1_HUMAN; LHRH; LNRH; Luliberin I; Luteinizing releasing hormone; Lutenizing Hormome Releasing Hormone; Progonadoliberin 1; Progonadoliberin I; Progonadoliberin1; ProgonadoliberinI; Prolactin Release Inhibiting Factor; Prolctin.

Research Area Tumour Neurobiology Growth factors and hormones Endocrinopathy

Immunogen Species Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

React Species Human,
IHC-P=1:100-500,IHC-F=1:100-500,IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)

Applications not yet tested in other applications.
optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

Theoretical molecular weight 7.9kDa

Cellular localization Secretory protein

Form Liquid

Concentration 1mg/ml

immunogen KLH conjugated synthetic peptide ([D-Trp6]-LHRH Fragment, 1-6): 28-40/92

Lsotype IgG

Purification affinity purified by Protein A

Buffer Solution 1M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 3% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

Storage Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Attention This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,

therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

PubMed

[PubMed](#)

The protein encoded by this gene is secreted and then cleaved to form the 10 aa luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone (LHRH, also known as gonadoliberin-1), and prolactin release-inhibiting factor (also known as GnRH-associated peptide 1). LHRH stimulates the release of luteinizing and follicle stimulating hormones, which are important for reproduction. Mutation in this gene are associated with hypogonadotropic hypogonadism. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2012].

Function:

Stimulates the secretion of gonadotropins; it stimulates the secretion of both luteinizing and follicle-stimulating hormones.

Subcellular Location:

Secreted.

DISEASE:

Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism 12 with or without anosmia (HH12) [MIM:614841]: A disorder characterized by absent or incomplete sexual maturation by the age of 18 years, in conjunction with low levels of circulating gonadotropins and testosterone and no other abnormalities of the hypothalamic-pituitary axis. In some cases, it is associated with non-reproductive phenotypes, such as anosmia, cleft palate, and sensorineural hearing loss. Anosmia or hyposmia is related to the absence or hypoplasia of the olfactory bulbs and tracts. Hypogonadism is due to deficiency in gonadotropin-releasing hormone and probably results from a failure of embryonic migration of gonadotropin-releasing hormone-synthesizing neurons. In the presence of anosmia, idiopathic hypogonadotropic hypogonadism is referred to as Kallmann syndrome, whereas in the presence of a normal sense of smell, it has been termed normosmic idiopathic hypogonadotropic hypogonadism (nIHH). Note=The disease is caused by mutations affecting the gene represented in this entry.

Product Detail

Similarity:

Belongs to the GnRH family.

SWISS:

P01148

Gene ID:

2796

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 2796](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 14714](#) Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 397516](#) Pig

[Entrez Gene: 25194](#) Rat

[Omim: 152760](#) Human

[SwissProt: P01148](#) Human

[SwissProt: P13562](#) Mouse

[SwissProt: P49921](#) Pig

[SwissProt: P07490](#) Rat

[SwissProt: Q28588](#) Sheep

Growth factors and hormones (Growth Factor and Hormones)

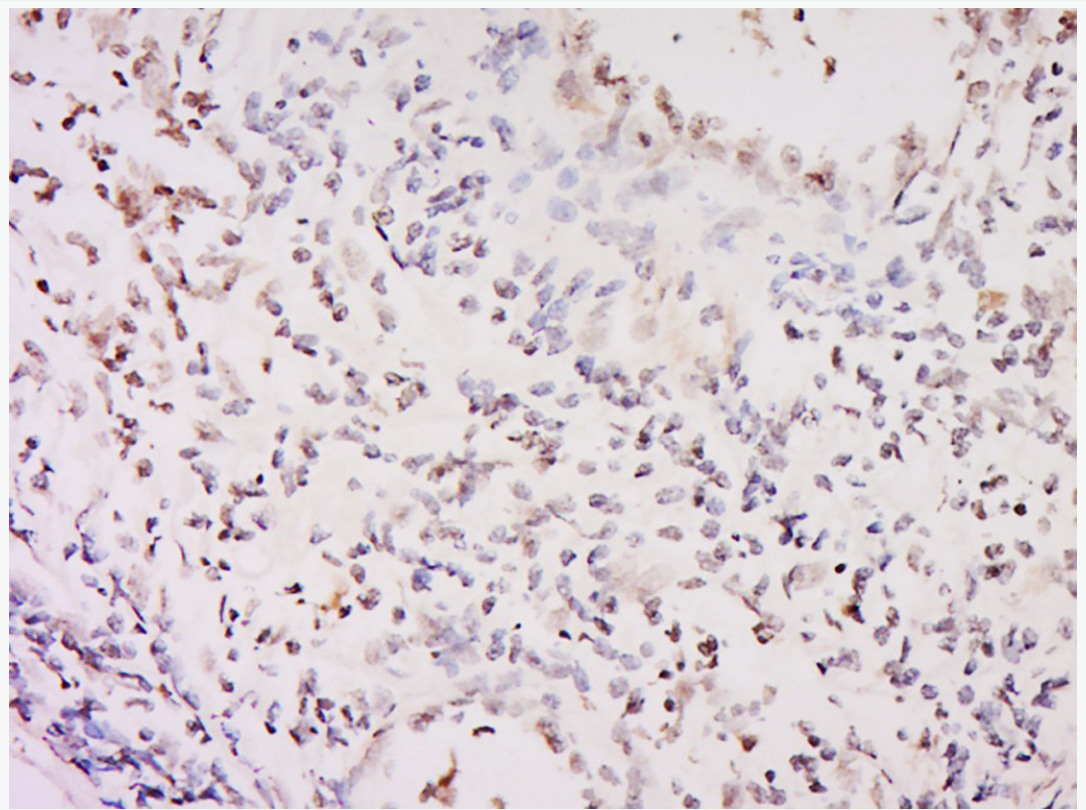
L H R H拮抗剂可以竞争性结合垂体L H R H的受体，而使天然的L H R H不能发挥作用，进而抑制垂体的促性腺激素的分泌，起到药物性去垂体的作用，睾丸失去了促性腺激素的刺激作用，分泌雄激素和产生精子的功能随之受到抑制，实验证明L H R H拮抗剂同样是一种有前途的抗精子生成药物。

应用L H R H抗体可用来研究痴呆和神经变性疾病、不孕不育、某些 Tumour 方面的研究。

L H R H类似物作为一种男性避孕药的优点是没有生殖系统以外作用，无毒副作用，而且抗生育作用是可逆的

促性腺激素释放激素抗体

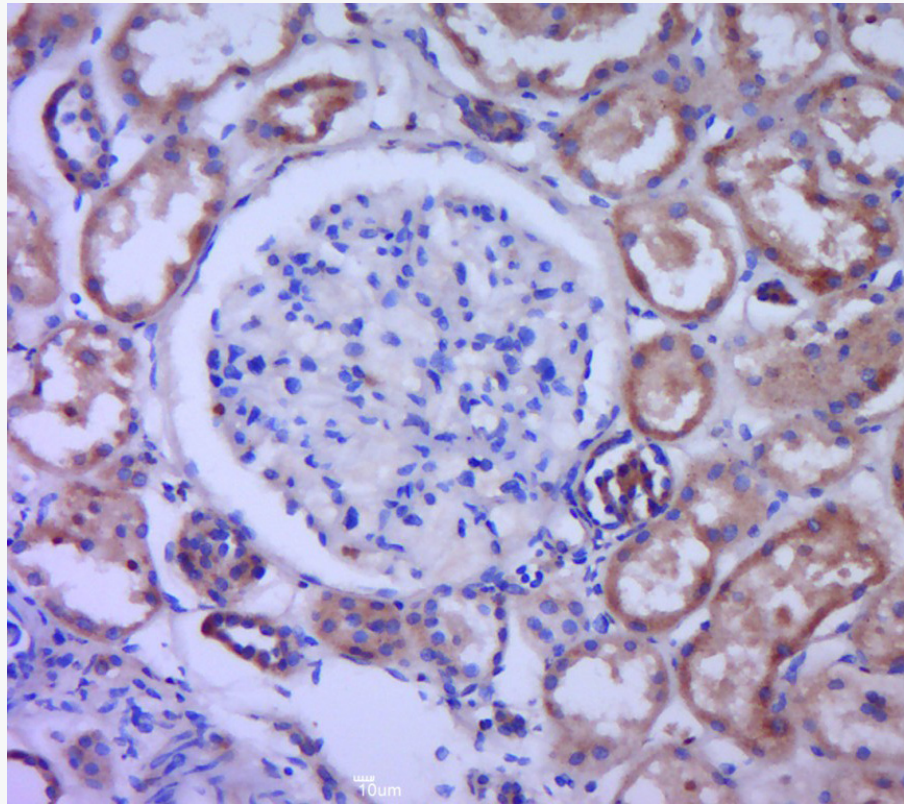
**Product
Picture**



Tissue/cell: human mammary cancer; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (1M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-GNRH Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(SL0456R) 1:500, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (human kidney tissue); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (GNRH) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL0456R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary (sp-0023) for 20 minutes and DAB staining.