

## Mouse Anti-Goat IgG H&L / Cy3 antibody

SL0294M-Cy3

**Product Name** Mouse Anti-Goat IgG H&L / Cy3  
**Chinese Name** Cy3 标记的小鼠抗羊 IgG H&L  
**Alias** Mouse Anti-Goat IgG H&L (Cy3); Immunoglobulin G;

**Specific References (4)** | SL0294M-Cy3 has been referenced in 4 publications.

**[IF=5.046]** Yadi Xu. et al. DNMT1 Mediated CAHM Repression Promotes Glioma Invasion via SPAK/JNK Pathway. 2021 Jul 06 **IF ; Human.**

PubMed:34227028

**[IF=4.522]** Tang F et al. LncRNA-ATB promotes TGF- $\beta$ -induced glioma cells invasion through NF- $\kappa$ B and P38/MAPK pathway. J Cell Physiol. 2019 May 29. **ICF ; Goat.**

PubMed:31140621

**[IF=3.347]** Yuanyuan Wanget al. NLRC5 negatively regulates inflammatory responses in LPS-induced acute lung injury through NF- $\kappa$ B and p38 MAPK signal pathways. Toxicol Appl Pharmacol . 2020 Sep 15;403:115150. **IF ; mouse.**

PubMed:32710960

**[IF=0.181]** Mu JY et al. Astragalus polysaccharide restores activation of NK cells in radiation therapy of tumors. Int J Clin Exp Med 2019;12(7):8609-8621. **FCM ; Goat.**

PubMed:ISSN:1940-5901/IJCEM0095627

**Immunogen Species** Mouse  
**Clonality** Polyclonal



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<b>React Species</b>	Goat, IF=1:100-1000,ICC/IF=1:100-1000,Flow-Cyt=1:100-1000
<b>Applications</b>	not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Concentration</b>	2.0 mg/ml
<b>immunogen</b>	Native Goat IgG
<b>Lsotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purification</b>	affinity purified by Protein G
<b>Buffer Solution</b>	10 mM TBS (pH=7.4) with 1% BSA, 3% Proclin300 and 50% glycerol.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Attention</b>	This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications. Immunoglobulin G (IgG), is one of the most abundant proteins in serum with normal levels between 8-17 mg/mL in adult blood. IgG is important for our defence against microorganisms and the molecules are produced by B lymphocytes as a part of our adaptive immune response. The IgG molecule has two separate functions; to bind to the pathogen that elicited the response and to recruit other cells and molecules to destroy the antigen. The variability of the IgG pool is generated by somatic recombination and the number of specificities in an individual at a given time point is estimated to be 10 <sup>11</sup> variants.
<b>Product Detail</b>	